ANOVER HEALTH DIVISION

COMMUNITY FAMILY FLU CLINIC
2018

Thursday, November 8th – CENTER AT PUNCHARD
(Andover Senior Center)
4:00 P.M. – 7:00 P.M.
2 years of age and older

Please complete the form 2018 – 2019 Insurance Information and Consent Form.

Your Health Insurance Number is being requested for reimbursement purposes.

If you are covered by Medicare, please remember to add the letter at the end of your Medicare number. If you are covered by more than one plan, please list them all.

Not all insurances have both a member and group ID. Complete the form according to your health plan.

Bring your healthcare insurance cards (and a photocopy if possible) with you to the clinic.

There is no out of pocket charge regardless of your health care coverage.

The November 8th clinic is for all residents aged 2 years of age and older.

Fluzone High Dose flu vaccine - for persons aged 65 and older - will be available

**Flumist nasal spray will be available this year for ages 2 - 18.**

We ask that participants do not arrive more than a half hour before the clinic is scheduled to begin to allow for adequate set up time.

Questions???

Call the Health Department at (978) 623-8640
Monday - Friday 7:30 A.M. - 3:30 P.M.
www.andoverma.gov/health

This environment is NOT latex free
2018 -2019 Insurance and Consent Information Form – Flu and Pneumonia

The completion of this form is necessary for every vaccine recipient. If no insurance information is available, please fill out as much as possible.

Information about the person to receive vaccine Please Print Legibly – Do Not Use Nicknames *Required Fields

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name: (Last, First, MI)*</th>
<th>Date of birth:*</th>
<th>Age*</th>
<th>Sex: (Circle)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Month Day Year</td>
<td></td>
<td>Male Female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street Address:*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City:*</th>
<th>State:*</th>
<th>Zip:*</th>
<th>Phone:*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>(      )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Insurance Information: Include the whole member ID number and any letters that are part of that number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Insurance Company:*</th>
<th>Member ID Number:*</th>
<th>Group ID # (if available):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Medicare Number (if applicable):</th>
<th>Is Medicare Primary?</th>
<th>Is Subscriber Retired?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes  No</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If person getting vaccinated is not the subscriber, please complete the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subscriber's Name: (Last, First, MI)*</th>
<th>Subscriber’s Date of Birth:*</th>
<th>Sex: (Circle)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Month Day Year</td>
<td>Male Female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subscriber's Street Address:* (If different from address above)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City:*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State:*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zip:*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone:* (        )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Patient Relationship to Subscriber: (Circle)*</th>
<th>Spouse</th>
<th>Child</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

I give permission to receive vaccine and for my insurance company to be billed.

X __________________________ Date: __________________________

(Signature of patient, parent or legal guardian)

For children 18 years of age and younger:

- [ ] Is enrolled in Medicaid (includes MassHealth and HMOs etc. if enrolled through Medicaid)
- [ ] Does not have health insurance
- [ ] Is American Indian (Native American) or Alaska Native
- [ ] Has health insurance and is not Native American or Alaska Native

For Clinic/Office Use Only: Signature of Vaccine Administrator: __________________________

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of Service</th>
<th>Vax Type</th>
<th>Vaccine Mfr</th>
<th>Lot No</th>
<th>Exp Date</th>
<th>Dose (mL)</th>
<th>State Supplied (Circle)</th>
<th>Preserv Free</th>
<th>Injection Route (Circle)</th>
<th>Injection Site (Circle)</th>
<th>Date On VIS</th>
<th>Date VIS Given</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IV4</td>
<td>Sanofi</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>IM</td>
<td>R Arm L Arm</td>
<td>8/7/15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flulaval</td>
<td>GSK</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>Yes Yes</td>
<td>IM</td>
<td>R Arm L Arm</td>
<td>8/7/15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Dose</td>
<td>Sanofi</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>No Yes</td>
<td>IM</td>
<td>R Arm L Arm</td>
<td>8/7/15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAIV4</td>
<td>AstraZeneca</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>Yes Yes</td>
<td>Intranasal</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>8/7/15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCV13</td>
<td>Pfizer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>No Yes</td>
<td>IM</td>
<td>R Arm L Arm</td>
<td>11/5/15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PPV23</td>
<td>Merck</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
<td>IM SC</td>
<td>R Arm L Arm</td>
<td>4/24/15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Provider and Address: Andover Health Dept., 36 Bartlet Street, Andover MA 01810  
MDPH Ptn: 10049
Influenza (Flu) Vaccine (Inactivated or Recombinant): What you need to know

1 Why get vaccinated?

Influenza ("flu") is a contagious disease that spreads around the United States every year, usually between October and May.

Flu is caused by influenza viruses, and is spread mainly by coughing, sneezing, and close contact.

Anyone can get flu. Flu strikes suddenly and can last several days. Symptoms vary by age, but can include:
- fever/chills
- sore throat
- muscle aches
- fatigue
- cough
- headache
- runny or stuffy nose

Flu can also lead to pneumonia and blood infections, and cause diarrhea and seizures in children. If you have a medical condition, such as heart or lung disease, flu can make it worse.

Flu is more dangerous for some people. Infants and young children, people 65 years of age and older, pregnant women, and people with certain health conditions or a weakened immune system are at greatest risk.

Each year thousands of people in the United States die from flu, and many more are hospitalized.

Flu vaccine can:
- keep you from getting flu,
- make flu less severe if you do get it, and
- keep you from spreading flu to your family and other people.

There is no live flu virus in flu shots. They cannot cause the flu.

There are many flu viruses, and they are always changing. Each year a new flu vaccine is made to protect against three or four viruses that are likely to cause disease in the upcoming flu season. But even when the vaccine doesn’t exactly match these viruses, it may still provide some protection.

Flu vaccine cannot prevent:
- flu that is caused by a virus not covered by the vaccine, or
- illnesses that look like flu but are not.

It takes about 2 weeks for protection to develop after vaccination, and protection lasts through the flu season.

2 Inactivated and recombinant flu vaccines

A dose of flu vaccine is recommended every flu season. Children 6 months through 8 years of age may need two doses during the same flu season. Everyone else needs only one dose each flu season.

Some inactivated flu vaccines contain a very small amount of a mercury-based preservative called thimerosal. Studies have not shown thimerosal in vaccines to be harmful, but flu vaccines that do not contain thimerosal are available.

3 Some people should not get this vaccine

Tell the person who is giving you the vaccine:
- If you have any severe, life-threatening allergies.
- If you ever had a life-threatening allergic reaction after a dose of flu vaccine, or have a severe allergy to any part of this vaccine, you may be advised not to get vaccinated. Most, but not all, types of flu vaccine contain a small amount of egg protein.
- If you ever had Guillain-Barré Syndrome (also called GBS).
  Some people with a history of GBS should not get this vaccine. This should be discussed with your doctor.
- If you are not feeling well.
  It is usually okay to get flu vaccine when you have a mild illness, but you might be asked to come back when you feel better.
4 Risks of a vaccine reaction

With any medicine, including vaccines, there is a chance of reactions. These are usually mild and go away on their own, but serious reactions are also possible.

Most people who get a flu shot do not have any problems with it.

Minor problems following a flu shot include:
- soreness, redness, or swelling where the shot was given
- hoarseness
- sore, red or itchy eyes
- cough
- fever
- aches
- headache
- itching
- fatigue

If these problems occur, they usually begin soon after the shot and last 1 or 2 days.

More serious problems following a flu shot can include the following:
- There may be a small increased risk of Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS) after inactivated flu vaccine. This risk has been estimated at 1 or 2 additional cases per million people vaccinated. This is much lower than the risk of severe complications from flu, which can be prevented by flu vaccine.
- Young children who get the flu shot along with pneumococcal vaccine (PCV13) and/or DTaP vaccine at the same time might be slightly more likely to have a seizure caused by fever. Ask your doctor for more information. Tell your doctor if a child who is getting flu vaccine has ever had a seizure.

Problems that could happen after any injected vaccine:
- People sometimes faint after a medical procedure, including vaccination. Sitting or lying down for about 15 minutes can help prevent fainting, and injuries caused by a fall. Tell your doctor if you feel dizzy, or have vision changes or ringing in the ears.
- Some people get severe pain in the shoulder and have difficulty moving the arm where a shot was given. This happens very rarely.
- Any medication can cause a severe allergic reaction. Such reactions from a vaccine are very rare, estimated at about 1 in a million doses, and would happen within a few minutes to a few hours after the vaccination.

As with any medicine, there is a very remote chance of a vaccine causing a serious injury or death.

The safety of vaccines is always being monitored. For more information, visit: www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/

5 What if there is a serious reaction?

What should I look for?
- Look for anything that concerns you, such as signs of a severe allergic reaction, very high fever, or unusual behavior.

Signs of a severe allergic reaction can include hives, swelling of the face and throat, difficulty breathing, a fast heartbeat, dizziness, and weakness. These would start a few minutes to a few hours after the vaccination.

What should I do?
- If you think it is a severe allergic reaction or other emergency that can't wait, call 9-1-1 and get the person to the nearest hospital. Otherwise, call your doctor.
- Reactions should be reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). Your doctor should file this report, or you can do it yourself through the VAERS website at www.vaers.hhs.gov, or by calling 1-800-822-7967.

VAERS does not give medical advice.

6 The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program

The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program (VICP) is a federal program that was created to compensate people who may have been injured by certain vaccines.

Persons who believe they may have been injured by a vaccine can learn about the program and about filing a claim by calling 1-800-338-2382 or visiting the VICP website at www.hrsa.gov/vaccinecompensation. There is a time limit to file a claim for compensation.

7 How can I learn more?

- Ask your healthcare provider. He or she can give you the vaccine package insert or suggest other sources of information.
- Call your local or state health department.
- Contact the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):
  - Call 1-800-232-4636 (1-800-CDC-INFO) or
  - Visit CDC's website at www.cdc.gov/flu

Vaccine Information Statement

Inactivated Influenza Vaccine

08/07/2015

42 U.S.C. § 300aa-26